Science

Aims

Science contributes to the development of young people as:

- Good citizens of South Sudan
- Successful life-long learners
- Creative and productive individuals
- · Environmentally aware members of society

Rationale

Science is relevant to the life of every human being. The context, content and the teaching and learning of Science should enable the learner to keep up with the fast pace of technological change in the global world. Scientific methods provide tools and skills for discovery and problem solving as well as enhancing motivation. Science provides utilitarian skills and attitude for coping with the current and future challenges. It must enable the learner to make good use of natural resources and guard against environmental damage and destruction. Most importantly for the Republic of South Sudan as a developing country, Science learning must encourage responsible industrialization and minimal exports of raw natural resources as opposed to finished industrial goods.

Science within the Framework

Science helps learners develop all four of the Framework competencies.

As a practical subject calling for planning of investigations, analysis of results and evaluation of evidence, Science has a particular focus on critical thinking. Group practical work provides opportunities for co-operation, and good Science depends upon effective communication through the use of questioning, debating, presentation and writing skills. The links between Science and a range of issues including, for example, agriculture, animals and plants, health, diet, natural resources, the environment and industry present considerable scope for examination of South Sudanese culture and heritage in relation to the wider world.

Teaching and Learning Science

Science incorporates the three traditional science subjects: Biology, Chemistry and Physics. Younger learners normally learn Science as an integrated subject whereas, in secondary schools, learners preparing for further study or careers in Sciences are likely to take separate Science subjects. Those not wishing to specialise in this way will continue to study Science as an integrated subject.

In the overview below, the learning is set out as three strands: Living things and life processes; Materials and their properties; Physical processes.

Some of the learning experiences will reflect just one of three strands but, where possible, learners will benefit if the learning is thematic, spanning the boundaries between strands. The Units of Study detail some of these connections and enable learners to deepen their understanding. However, detailing the requirements under each strand separately ensures that all essential learning is covered.

Opportunities to exploit the practical nature of Science can make a considerable difference to learners' motivation and learning and hence they should form a regular feature of Science lessons. Practical Science skills need to be developed in a structured manner with steady progression from year to year. The learning experiences required to achieve this are set out in the units for each strand.

In addition to experiments and the use of text books, learning experiences in Science should be rich and varied and should include, for example, field work; observations of the natural world; practical problem solving; the use of new technologies; data analysis; engagement with practitioners from agriculture, business and industry; plus opportunities to develop skills and confidence through questioning, discussion, drawing conclusions and evaluating.

There is scope for teachers to use local materials and opportunities in order to engage learners in first-hand and practical experiences. It is not always necessary to have specialist equipment to learn science.

Strands

There are three strands in Science:

- Living things and life processes
- Materials and their properties
- Physical processes

Younger learners will learn these in an integrated way with greater separation of the strands in higher grades.

Across all three strands, learners should be developing a scientific approach through investigation, forming and testing hypotheses and experimentation. They need to realise that science is about thinking creatively to try to explain how living and non-living things work, and to establish links between cause and effect.

Science is an ideal context for learners to develop ICT skills whilst studying the subject. Every opportunity should be taken for learners to use calculators, computers and other devices as part of their learning. The programme of ICT appropriate for each stage is set out in Annex 2.

Living things and life processes	Learners learn about the variety of plants and animals, including humans, which inhabit our planet and the processes which enable them to remain alive. They also learn about the interrelationships between living things and the environment.
Materials and their properties	Learners learn about the materials which make up everything in our world, the composition and the properties of these materials. Furthermore they learn how we make use of this knowledge.
Physical processes	Learners learn about the processes resulting from the effect of energy on matter. These processes relate to mechanics, heat, light, other radiation, sound, electricity, magnetism and atomic structure.

In all strands, learners should be developing a scientific approach by:

- Asking questions that can be investigated scientifically, and deciding how to find answers
- Considering what sources of information they will use to answer questions, including first-hand experience and a range of other sources
- Forming hypotheses and thinking about what might happen
- Planning and carrying out investigations, trying out possible approaches and deciding what evidence to collect and what sort of equipment or materials to use
- · Making a fair test or comparison by changing one factor and observing or measuring the effect whilst keeping other factors the same
- Making systematic measurements and observations
- Checking measurements and observations by repeating them where appropriate

	P1	P2	Р3	P4
Living things and life	Identify main parts of body, know how to keep them clean, and know about proper use of the latrine	Understand the importance of keeping body clean and the dangers of microorganisms / 'germs'	Appreciate the importance of food, exercise, washing clothes, sleep and rest for a healthy life	Care for and appreciate the importance of a clean environment
processes	Understand the role of bones, joints, muscles in movement and the importance of healthy exercise	Understand similarities and differences between animals according to their habitats	Classify animals and plants according to their habitat.	Group animals according to their eating habits, food chains Appreciate the importance of conservation of
	Identify plants and animals in their locality and their importance	Identify different types of plants and their parts	Distinguish between fruits and seeds and state their uses	animals and plants Understand the structure of a seed and the
	Understand the role of the senses in daily life	Use the sense organs to explore our world and distinguish between substances	Identify objects, symbols and gestures using the five senses Investigate living things found in water	process of seed germination
Materials and their properties	Recognise sources of water and its uses, measurement of quantities of water	Explain importance of clean water, and methods of making water clean and safe	Investigate water, solubility, and the ways of conserving water	Investigate physical properties of water and what happens to water under different conditions
	Know basic weather conditions Appreciate the presence of air and its movement in air currents / wind	Understand how animals and humans respond to different weather conditions Understand importance of air in daily	Understand changes in the weather and record the changes Understand the concept of air pressure,	Further investigate and understand why certain objects float and others sink in water
	Perform simple activities using soil /	life	pressure differences and wind	Understand the concept of matter
	sand eg sieving, moulding, mixing	Investigate structure / composition of soil	Identify types, formation and uses of soil	Simple methods of separating materials eg sieving, winnowing, dissolving, use of magnetism
Physical processes	Understand sources of light & sound in the environment	Understand the concept of shadow	Understand concept of image formation	Investigate how light travels and its uses
	Understand use of simple machines like wheels	Produce sound using local materials and produce sounds of different pitches & understand echoes	Identify sounds produced by different objects, changing volume and pitch;	Describe the shape of the earth and discuss the concept of gravity
	Investigate which objects float and sink	Construct and use simple rollers to make work easier	Investigate air pressure as a force Construct and use levers to make work	Explore the sources of heat and its uses State sources of electricity and carry out simple
	in water	make work easier	easier	activities with electricity and magnetism
				Construct and make use of simple machines (pulley and inclined plane)

	P5	P6	P7	Р8
Living things and life processes	Understand the relationship between germs and sanitation	Explain the causes of drug abuse and its impacts on life	Explain structures and functions of human excretory and circulatory system.	Apply knowledge of hygiene and disease to personal and home sanitation, food preservation
	Know about common human parasites, how they are spread and controlled	Understand the nature of changes occurring in humans at puberty, (sexual relationships, sexual intercourse,	Explain how reproduction takes place in flowering plants	Explain how reproduction takes place in mammals and birds
	Understand a healthy lifestyle and the concept of health hazards, common drugs and their types	conception, pregnancy, childbirth, contraception) Understand the levels of organisation of	Name some common water and air-borne diseases, describe their causes, effects and prevention; stress and depression; home nursing	Describe effective pre- and post-natal care in humans
	Understand the internal structures of sense organs (eye and ear) and their uses	living things: cells, tissues, organs, systems Know the food types and understand the importance of a balanced diet	Explain the structures and functions of human digestive and respiratory systems	Understand processes of respiration and photosynthesis, and describe the differences between plants and animals, explain interdependency between plants and animals
		Understand structures of plants and their functions	Understand hygienic food preparation techniques; nutrition needs for good health and for special groups	Understand the structure and function of the nervous system.
Materials and their properties	Describe the importance and uses of water in agriculture	Describe water cycle and understand the effects of weather on human activities	Outline the sources of water, methods of collection & purification; pollution and its impact	Explain the environmental concern about water and describe conservation strategies
	Appreciate the importance of minerals and manure in agriculture	Describe the components of air and their properties and understand that air supports burning	Understand humidity and how to measure it	Differentiate between weather and climate; describe their effects on land use and human populations
	Construct and use simple weather instruments	Explain properties of metals and non- metals	Recognise difference between mass and weight and their measurement	Explain the relationship between temperature, pressure and volume of air, the concept of a
	Understand the concept and causes of wind and uses of wind energy Describe and explain the behaviour of	Explain the states of matter and changes of state, and understand concepts of atoms, elements, mixtures and compounds.	Explain the term 'chemical reaction' and describe how reactions involve energy changes	Describe common properties and uses of acids and bases: the uses of indicators
	materials under different temperatures	Understand the concepts of mass flow and diffusion		
Physical processes	Differentiate between transparent, translucent and opaque objects	Understand concepts of reflection and refraction of light	Understand forces and the different types of forces and units for measuring force	Understand parallel between human eye and pin-hole camera
	Understand the nature of sound and its uses	Understand how light and sound travel through different media	Identify different forms of energy, describe energy transformations	Understand how sound is produced and how human ear perceives it
	Understand rotation of earth and day night	Understand earth and space in relation to solar system; explain seasons	Describe components of solar system, orbits of planets and moons	Explain concept of constellations, galaxies, the universe
	Describe simple common tools and their classifications as machines e.g.	Understand concept of heat and how it is measured	Understand the use gears, and multiple pulleys in making work easier	Describe how heat is conserved
	first class, second etc			Explain how magnets can be made from electricity and the applications of electromagnetism

	S1	S2
Biology	Appreciate the diversity of living things	Describe how organisms interact with their environment
	Understand cell structure, organization and function	Understand photosynthesis and plant nutrition; the importance of photosynthesis to all living things
	Describe movement of substances across cells	Understand nutrition in animals
	Understand the diversity of cell types and their organization into tissues and organs	Outline the impact of climate change on populations of animals and plants
		Understand the processes of transport, respiration, gaseous exchange, excretion and homeostasis in animals and plants
Chemistry	Name common laboratory apparatus and understand safety rules in laboratory	Describe the composition of the atmosphere
	Explain techniques of separating mixtures and compounds (link the concepts of separation to industry, especially crude oil)	Investigate the properties of common gases
	Understand particulate nature of matter, formulae and chemical equations	Understand simple atomic structure, the periodic table and bonding
		Understand how salts are formed
	Explain the properties and uses of acids, bases, indicators and salts	Explain how and why electrolysis can be used to separate some salts
	Understand redox reactions	Understand carbon, its atomic structure and compounds
Physics	Understand measurement, states of matter and types of forces	Explain the effects of forces and the concepts of work, energy and power
	Understand the effects of temperature changes on matter	Define machines and explain the dynamics of objects
	Explain the behavior of light on plane surfaces	Understand the nature of heat and describe its effects on matter
	Understand the concept of static electricity and the flow of electricity around circuits	Explain the behavior of light at curved surfaces
		Understand and explain the motion, types and properties of waves
		Describe the theory of magnetism and explain the properties of magnets

	S3	S4
Biology	 Understand the variety, classification and the interdependence of living things Detail the impact of humans on the natural environment and conservation Explain biodiversity, habitat, ecosystems, populations and the impact of climate change Explain the role of pathogens in causing disease Understand exchange between organisms and the environment Explain the structure and function of the digestive, respiratory and circulatory systems 	 Compare and contrast the biochemistry of respiration and photosynthesis Detail the processes of reproduction, growth and development in plants Detail the processes of reproduction, growth and development in animals Understand how coordination takes place in plants and animals Describe the role and operation of homeostasis in animals and plants Understand how support is provided and movement takes place in plants and animals Understand basic genetics and inheritance; modern uses of knowledge of genetics Describe how organisms are adapted to their environment, selection, evolution and evidence for it
Chemistry	 Understand volumetric analysis and identification of gases Understand the mole concept and be able to apply the gas laws Write balanced equations, full and ionic Explain the properties of elements in Period 3 and Groups 2 and 7 of the periodic table including sulphur, chlorine, nitrogen and their compounds Explain the properties of the transition metals Further explain the properties of acids, bases and salts, understand the properties of amphoteric oxides and hydroxides Explain the hardness of water and the solubility of salts in water 	 Describe how to identify ions and gases Understand and explain energy changes in chemical reactions Explain kinetics, rates of reactions, equilibria, redox reactions and electrochemistry Name and know the composition of ores of some common metals and appropriate methods of extraction Describe analytical techniques and methods of determination of structure Understand organic chemistry, including isomerism, fractional distillation and cracking of alkanes, chloroalkanes, alkenes, alcohols, carbonyl group compounds, aromatic chemistry, amines, amino acids, polymers, synthesis and analysis Introduction to nuclear chemistry
Physics	 Use understanding of particles to explain radiation, electromagnetic radiation and quantum phenomena Understand the nature of electrostatic and current electricity and their applications including electronics Understand mechanics, motion and laws of linear motion Explain the bulk properties of solids and fluids and their applications Understand gas laws; explain the relationship between pressure, volume, temperature and mass of a gas Understand thermal physics, heat capacity of a substance, carry out energy calculations 	 Use understanding of waves to explain refraction, wave interaction, interference and diffraction Understand momentum, circular and harmonic motion Understand Newton's Law of Gravitation, and the orbits of planets and satellites Explain electric fields, capacitance, magnetic fields and electromagnetic induction Explain cathode rays and the structure and function of cathode ray tubes Use knowledge of nuclear physics to explain radioactivity and its use in providing nuclear energy